

اللجنة الامتحانية المركزية في كلية اللغات مدة الامتحان : ثلاث ساعات مدة الامتحان : ثلاث ساعات المادة : الانشاء المرحلة : الاولى تاريخ الامتحان : / / ٢٠٢٤ أسئلة الامتحانات النهائية للعام الدراسي ٢٠٢٣ – ٢٠٢٤ (النموذج) رقم (١) ملحظة :الاجابة عن جميع الاسئلة

Q1/ Choose either A or B

(15M)

A/ Write a composition that consists of one paragraph about the following title (More Than Just Fun: Unveiling the Power of Reading) using the following structure: topic sentence, first major support sentence, minor support sentence, irrelevant sentence, second major support sentence, third major support sentence, minor support sentence, a concluded sentence:

B/ Write a composition that consists of one paragraph using the following structure: topic sentence, first major support sentence, minor support sentence, irrelevant sentence, second major support sentence, third major support sentence, minor support sentence, a concluded sentence:(You are free to write about any topic you choose)

Q2/ Match the transition word/phrase to its function in the sentence. (10M)

Sentences:

- 1. She is a skilled writer; **moreover**, she is also a talented photographer.
- 2. **The fact that** he apologized demonstrates his remorse.
- 3. We explored various historical sites, **including** the Pyramids and the Colosseum.
- 4. The movie was a disappointment; **in other words**, it did not live up to the hype.
- 5. He excelled in academics; **similarly**, his athletic achievements were impressive.

Functions:

A. Similarity B. Reference C. Addition D. Clarification E. Causality



	Q3/ Choose the best answer for each.	5M)			
1.	Great Wall of China is a famous landmark.				
	a) a b) the c) an d) None of the above				
2.	2. I woke up early I went for a run.				
	a) so b) because c) before d) then				
3.	S. She is a talented artist.				
	a) a b) the c) an d) None of the above				
4.	. The movie was a disappointment;, it did not live up to the h	ype.			
	a) In other words b) However c) Therefore d) For example				
5.	5. We visited museum yesterday.				
	a) a b) an c) the d) None of the above				

Q4/ Choose the most suitable topic sentence for each of the following paragraphs:

(6M)

- **1-**Unlike oil painting, which requires careful layering and drying time, watercolors offer a more spontaneous and fluid artistic expression. Watercolors blend effortlessly on wet paper, creating soft washes and vibrant transitions. Additionally, watercolor paints are portable and require minimal setup, making them ideal for outdoor sketching or travel.
- (A) Watercolors are a type of paint.
- (B) Watercolors offer a convenient and portable painting medium.
- (C) Oil painting requires meticulous technique
- (D) Watercolors are perfect for capturing fleeting moments and landscapes.
- **2-**While baking bread can be a rewarding experience; it requires precise measurements and careful attention to detail. From activating the yeast to proofing the dough, each step must be done correctly for a successful bake. On the other hand, preparing a stir-fry is a quick and versatile meal option. You can easily adjust the ingredients based on your preferences, and the entire process takes just minutes from start to finish.
- (A) Baking bread takes time and skill.
- (B) Stir fries are a delicious and healthy meal option.
- (C) Precise measurements are essential for successful baking.
- (D) There are many different types of cooking techniques.



- **3-**Running outdoors offers a multitude of benefits beyond simply burning calories. Fresh air and sunshine can boost your mood and energy levels, while the changing scenery keeps you engaged and motivated. However, running on a treadmill provides a controlled environment with customizable settings. You can adjust the incline and speed to match your fitness level, making it a safe and convenient option for all levels of runners.
- (A) Running is a great way to exercise.
- (B) Outdoor running provides a variety of physical and mental health benefits.
- (C) Treadmills offer a safe and controlled environment for running.
- (D) There are different ways to approach running workouts.

Q5/ Choose the most suitable <u>two support sentences</u> for each of the following topic sentences: (12M)

- **1-Topic Sentence:** Young children should not be allowed to cross Fourth Avenue by themselves.
- A. There are many good restaurants on that street.
- B. Last year, two children were injured while crossing that street
- C. Cars are always speeding down that avenue.
- D. There is a school located on Fourth Avenue.
- **2-Topic Sentence:** Active listening is an essential skill for successful communication.
- A. It is important to make eye contact when speaking with others.
- B. Speaking clearly and concisely is important for getting your point across.
- C. A good communicator should be able to adjust their speaking style to their audience.
- D. Active listening involves paying close attention to what the other person is saying.
- **3-Topic Sentence:** Creating a budget can help you manage your finances more effectively.
- A. A budget helps you track your income and expenses.
 - B. Savings accounts are a good way to store extra money.



- C. It's important to set realistic financial goals.
- D. Many banks offer online budgeting tools.

Q6/Identify the major support sentences, irrelevant sentence, and the concluded sentence in the following paragraph (12M)

Many people enjoy spending time outdoors. Fresh air and sunshine can improve your mood and energy levels, providing a natural boost of Vitamin D. Being in nature can also reduce stress and promote relaxation, helping to lower blood pressure and heart rate. Hiking, biking, and swimming are all great ways to get some exercise and enjoy the outdoors. These activities can also be social experiences, allowing you to connect with friends and family while enjoying nature. Overall, spending time in nature offers a multitude of benefits for your physical and mental well-being.

مع أمنياتي لكم بالنجام

التوقيع: مدرس المادة: سؤدد فاضل كاظم الدرجة العلمية: استاذ مساعد



Q1/ Choose either A or B (15M)

A/ Write a composition that consists of one paragraph about the following title (More Than Just Fun: Unveiling the Power of Reading) using the following structure: topic sentence, first major support sentence, minor support sentence, irrelevant sentence, second major support sentence, third major support sentence, minor support sentence, a concluded sentence:

B/ Write a composition that consists of one paragraph using the following structure: topic sentence, first major support sentence, minor support sentence, irrelevant sentence, second major support sentence, third major support sentence, minor support sentence, a concluded sentence:(You are free to write about any topic you choose)

Q2/ Match the transition word/phrase to its function in the sentence. (10M)

Key Answers: C (Addition) E (Causality) B (Reference) D (Clarification) A (Similarity)

Q3/ Choose the best answer for each. (5M)

Key:

- 1. (b)
- 2. (c)
- 3. (d)
- 4. (a)
- 5. (c)

Q4/ Choose the most suitable topic sentence for each of the following paragraphs:(6M)

- **1-(Key:** (B)
- 2- Key: (A)
- **3- Key:** (B)



Q5/ Choose the most suitable support sentences for each of the following topic sentences: (12M)

1- Key: B & C **2- Key**: A & D **3- Key**: A & D

Q6/Identify the major support sentences, irrelevant sentence, and the concluded sentence from the following paragraph (12M)

Many people enjoy spending time outdoors. Fresh air and sunshine can improve your mood and energy levels, providing a natural boost of Vitamin D. Being in nature can also reduce stress and promote relaxation, helping to lower blood pressure and heart rate. Hiking, biking, and swimming are all great ways to exercise and enjoy the outdoors. These activities can also be social experiences, allowing you to connect with friends and family while enjoying nature. Overall, spending time in nature offers a multitude of benefits for your physical and mental well-being.

Major Supporting Sentences: (bolded)

Irrelevant Sentence:

 Many people enjoy spending time outdoors. (This is the introductory sentence and doesn't directly support a specific benefit)

Concluding Sentence:

 Overall, spending time in nature offers a multitude of benefits for your physical and mental well-being

مدرس المادة: سؤدد فاضل كاظم الدرجة العلمية: استاذ مساعد



وزارة التعليم العالى والبحث العلم كلبة اللغات قسم اللغة الانجليزية

نة الامتحانية المركزية في كلية اللغات مدة الامتحان: ثلاث ساعات اللجمة الامتحان: العاشرة صباحا وقت الامتحان: العاشرة صباحا المادة: علم الصوت المرحلة: الاولى تاريخ الامتحان: / / 2024م أسئلة الامتحانات النهائية للعام الدراسي 2023 - 2024 (النموذج) رقم (1)

Q1 \\ Fill in the blanks with the suitable words. CHOOSE FIVE ONLY

- 1- The sound \u:\ can be pronounced in the word
- 2- Words of one syllable are-----
- 3- In ----- sounds, air is released through the nose
- 4- All vowels are----, they produced with the vibration of the vocal cords.
- 5- Bilabial sounds are produced with the help of------
- 6- The function of vocal cords is to...... (10 marks)

Q2\\A- State whether the statements are true or false. CHOOSE FIVE ONLY

- 1- /W/ is a gliding consonant.
- 2- There are nine friction consonant phonemes
- 3-Sequences of three or more consonants do not occur in many forms of Arabic.
- 4-All words of more than one syllable are stressed. .
- 5-The picture words are stressed. .
- 6- A sound is made by definite movements of the organs of speech (5 marks)
- B- Describe the way of production and the distinctive features of the consonants: /v/ and /f/ sounds. (5 marks)

Q3\\Explain, with examples, ONE of the following.

(10 marks)

- 1- Phonetic transcription:
- 2-Gliding consonants

O4\\Define FIVE of the following.

(10 marks)

Aspiration, intonation, phoneme, Stop consonant, Dialect, vowels, Diphthong

مع أمنياتي لكم بالنجاح ر س. مدرس المادة: م.د. مآرب محمد صنكور + م.م. حنان نجم عبد على



وزارة التعليم العالي والبحث العلمي جامعة بغصداد كالمعانية اللغامية اللغامية اللغامية اللغة الانجليزية

Q1\\

- 1- The sound \u:\ can be pronounced in the word **boot**
- 2- Words of one syllable are **monosyllabic**
- 3- In Nasal sounds, air is released through the nose
- 4- All vowels are **voiced**, they produced with the vibration of the vocal cords.
- 5- Bilabial sounds are produced with the help of **both lips**
- 6- The function of vocal cords is to produce voice (vibration) and regulate airflow

Q2\\ A

- 1- **True.** /w/ is indeed a gliding consonant, also known as a semivowel. It creates a smooth transition between vowels.
- 2- **False.** The exact number of friction consonant phonemes can vary depending on the specific language. English, for example, has around 6-8 fricative phonemes.
- 3- **True.** Many forms of Arabic, especially Classical Arabic, avoid consonant clusters of more than two consonants within a word.
- 4- **False.** Stress, or emphasis on a particular syllable, is not a defining feature of all multi-syllabic words in Arabic.
- 5- False. It depends on the context and the specific word. Stress patterns can vary in Arabic.
- 6- **True.** Speech sounds are produced by precise movements of various organs of speech, including the lungs, larynx, tongue, lips, and velum. These movements control airflow, vibration, and shaping of the vocal tract to create different sounds.

Q2B\\

Both /v/ and /f/ are labiodental fricatives, meaning they are produced with the lower lip approaching or touching the upper teeth. However, a key difference lies in the voicing of the vocal cords during production.

Production:

Articulators: .1

Lower lip: The lower lip is brought close to or makes contact with the upper teeth, especially the upper incisors (front teeth).

Airflow: .2

A narrow channel is created between the lower lip and upper teeth, forcing air to create turbulence.

Vocal Cords: .3

/v/: Voiced consonant (vocal cords vibrate during production, creating a buzzing sound along with the friction).



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/f/: Voiceless consonant (vocal cords do not vibrate during production, only friction is heard).

Q3\\

Phonetic transcription is a way of representing the actual sounds of spoken language using a specific set of symbols. Unlike written words, which can vary in pronunciation depending on spelling conventions, phonetic transcription aims to be more precise and universal. The most common system for phonetic transcription is the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA). It uses a comprehensive set of symbols to represent all the distinct sounds found in human languages. Each symbol corresponds to a specific speech sound.

Q4\\

Aspiration: A burst of air that can optionally accompany the release of some stop consonants (like /p/, /t/, /k/). It's not essential for the sound itself but can affect pronunciation in certain languages.

Intonation: The variation in pitch of your voice throughout speaking a sentence or phrase. It conveys emotions, attitudes, and grammatical information (e.g., a rising intonation at the end of a question).

Phoneme: The smallest unit of sound in a language that can differentiate words. For example, /p/ and /b/ are distinct phonemes in English because they can change the meaning of a word (e.g., "pin" vs. "bin").

Stop consonant: A consonant sound created by a complete closure of the vocal tract at some point, momentarily stopping airflow altogether. This closure is then released, creating a popping or plosive sound (e.g., /p/, /t/, /b/, /d/, /g/).

Dialect: A regional variety of a language that has its own distinct pronunciation, grammar, or vocabulary. Dialects are not "inferior" to standard forms; they simply reflect geographical or social variations within a language.

Vowels: Speech sounds produced with a relatively open vocal tract, allowing air to flow freely. They are typically voiced (vocal cords vibrate) and characterized by their pitch and quality (e.g., $\frac{a}{h}$, $\frac{i}{h}$, $\frac{b}{h}$, $\frac{b}{h}$, $\frac{b}{h}$.

Diphthong: A single vowel sound made by gliding smoothly between two different vowel targets within the same syllable. Examples include "oy" in "joy" (/oɪ/) or "ou" in "house" (/oʊ/).

التوقيع: مدرس المادة: م.د. مآرب محمد صنكور + م.م. حنان نجم عبد علي



وزارة التعليم العالي والبحث العلمي جامعة بغــــداد كلسية اللغــــات قسم اللغة الإنجليزية

اللغات	كلية	ا في	كزية	بة المر	لامتحانب	اللجنة ا
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مدة الامتحان : ثلاث ساعات	العاشرة صباحا	وقت الامتحان : ا
تاريخ الامتحان: 26 / 5/ 2024م	المرحلة: الاولى	
لدراسي 2023 - 2024 (النموذج) رقم (1)	إمتحانات النهائية للعام اا	أسئلة الا
•	عن كل الاسئلة .	ملاحظة: الاجابة

Q1- Do as required: (five only)

(15 marks)

- 1- Classes / Bill / on / not / have / Tuesdays /does. (Put the words in the correct order).
- 2- The past participle form of the verb (begin) is: -----.
- 3- They arrived ----- 5 o'clock .(in / on / at) (Choose the correct answer).
- 4- (Deers) is the plural form of the word (deer). (true or false).
- 5- Study / not / economics / have to / do / we . (Put the words in the correct order).
- 6- My furniture ----- worn out .(were / are / is) (Choose the correct answer).

Q2- Put the verb into the correct form: (five only) (15 marks)

- 1- A liar is someone who ----- the truth.(not / tell).
- 2- It was hard work carrying the bags. They ----- very heavy.(be).
- 3- Jack ----- hard this semester.(work).
- 4- Water ----- at 100 degrees Celsius.(boil).
- 5- 'Ann is in hospital'.'Oh really?' I didn't know. I ----- and visit her.(go).
- 6- ---- to the radio? 'No, you can turn it off'. (you / listen).



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Q3- Make questions from the following combination of words: (five only) (15 marks)

- 1- Have to / does/ what / study / George.
- 2- The / now/ there/ in / a long / is / cafeteria / line.
- 3-Bill / does/ do / there/ what / usually.
- 4- Making / who / change / is.
- 5- Get up / Allens / do / early / the.
- 6- Best / was / the / in / class/ George / whose / student.

Q4- Correct the mistake: (five only)

(15 marks)

- 1- Do you be sad?
- 2- His students are not Denmark.
- 3- The past form of the verb (beat) is (beaten).
- 4- You're book is on the table.
- 5- What means this word?
- 6- Who take chemistry? Jack and Bill.
- 7- The plural form of the word (mouse) is (mouses).

مع أمنياتي لكم بالنجاح التوقيع: مدرس المادة: الدرجة العلمية:



وزارة التعليم العالي والبحث العلمي جامعة بغـــداد كلسية اللغـــات قسم اللغة الانجليزية

المادة: القواعد المرحلة: الاول تاريخ الامتحان: 26 / 5 / 20 المادة: القواعد المرحلة الاول تاريخ الامتحانات النهائية للعام الدراسي 2023 - 2024 م (النموذج) رقم (1)

Q1- 1- Bill does not have classes on Tuesdays.

2- Begun

3- At

4- false

5- We do not have to study economics.

6- is

 $\mathbf{Q2} - 1$ - does not tell

2- were

3- is working

4- boils

5- will go

6- Are you listening

Q3- 1- What does George have to study?

2- Is there a long line in the cafeteria now?

3- What does Bill usually do there?

4- Who is making change?

5- Do the Allens get up early?

6- In whose class was George the best student?

Q 4- 1- Are you sad? or Do you feel sad?

2- Danish 3- beat

4- your

5- What does this word mean?

6- takes

7- mice

التوقيع: مدرس المادة: الدرجة العلمية:



وزارة التعليم العالي والبحث العلمي جامعة بغصداد كالمعلمي كالمعلمية اللغطات المعلمية الانجليزية

المادة : مدخل الى الادب المرحلة : الاولى تاريخ الامتحان : ١٠/ ٥/ ٢٠٢٤ الجوبة اسئلة الامتحانات النهائية للعام الدراسي٢٠٢٣ - ٢٠٢٤ م (النموذج) رقم (١)

Q1 Define **FIVE** the following:

- 1. Literature is an art in which language or words have a most significant function.
- 2. Prose is the ordinary language of speaking and writing. It is also a literary form and divided into fiction and non-fiction.
- 3. alliteration is the repetition of initial letters or consonant in a line of poetry or in closely adjacent lines.
- 4. simile is an obvious and explicit comparison using like or as between different kinds of things.
- 5. Short story is a prose narrative that usually ranges between one thousand and twelve thousand words. It should be read in one sitting.
- 6. style is the manner in which a writer employs language. A good style is one that reveals a definite theme, an understandable point of view, and an appropriate emotional tone.

Q2 Identify the name of the poem and the poet of the following: (15 Marks)
1. For I myself shall like to this decay
Edmund Spenser sonnet 75

- 2. Drink to me only with thine eyes Ben Johnson To Celia
- 3. But no such roses see I in her cheeks Shakespeare sonnet 130



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4. "She must weep or she will die". Tennyson The Princess

5. If I had but two little wings Coleridge's Dreaming

Q3 Answer A or B: (15 Marks)

A. Write about the symbols in Poe's "The Tell-Tale Heart".

The symbols in the story are the Eye and the Heart.

The Eye

"One of his eyes resembled that of a vulture — a pale blue eye, with a film over it. Whenever it fell upon me, my blood ran cold"

The old man's eye is an important symbol in "The Tell-Tale Heart." The narrator claims that the disturbing gaze of this eye is the reason for his crime. The eye's pale blue, filmy appearance suggests that the old man is blind, or at least that his vision is impaired, which could symbolize the narrator's own madness and twisted view of the world. It could also refer to the narrator's fear that the old man can see things about him that others cannot.

The eye is also repeatedly referred to as a "vulture eye," and the narrator feels significantly threatened by the old man's gaze. Because vulture prey on things that are dead or dying, the threat the narrator feels could indicate his own looming sickness.

The Heart

"Meantime the hellish tattoo of the heart increased. It grew quicker and quicker, and louder and louder every instant."

In "The Tell-Tale Heart," the beating heart that the narrator hears is symbolic of his guilt. A heart generally symbolizes the essence of a person, perhaps their truest emotions or deepest desires. The heart in "The Tell-Tale Heart" also reveals things; it tells tales, so to speak. It reveals the old man's terror and, later, the narrator's guilt.

B. The characters in *Old man at the Bridge* do not have names. Discuss.

The story was written by Ernest Hemingway about the civil war in Spain during the 1930s. The main theme of *Old Man at the Bridge* is that war is terrible. To get across the idea that wars are terrible for everyone, not just the men fighting on the front lines, this short story was written. there is no name given to the old man. Another thing Hemingway is trying to say by making the old man nameless is that everything that happens to him can happen to anyone. This means that anyone could be hurt by the terrible results of wars.

The soldier does not have a name just like the old man. It's important for Hemingway to stress that everything that happens to the narrator can also happen to any other fighter.



وزارة التعليم العالي والبحث العلمي جامعة بغصداد كالمعلمي كالمعلمية اللغطات المعلمية الانجليزية

Q4 Fill the blanks with a suitable word or phrase: (15 Marks) 1. Heaven the sharp spectator is.
Answer: (Judicious)
2. The Tell-Tale Heart was written by (Give the name) Answer: Edgar Allan Poe
3. "watching" and "weep", "friend" and "foe" represents the sound device (alliteration)
4. In What is our life, Walter Raleigh uses a image. Answer: (conceptual)
5. In Sonnet 75, Spenser tries to the beauty of his beloved. Answer: (immortalize)

Q5 (A) Write about the structure of Sonnet 75. (6 Marks) Answer:

The rhyming couplet serves to summarize the poem's intent. The structure is the Spenserian sonnet structure of three quatrains and a rhyming couplet, all equaling 14 sonnet lines, linked with concatenation at lines 4-5 and 8-9. Concatenation is the rhyming scheme Spenser used in most of the amoretti. The advantage to concatenation is that (1) the quatrains can be linked by subject matter and topic and (2) the oppositional turns that take place at the concatenated lines add emotional tension and psychological revelation to the sonnets. (3) it creates a kind of dramatic situation to indicate that the poet and his beloved are couple in life as well as in poetry which is clear through the other couplets appear in the poem.

The rhyme scheme is the Spenserian sonnet scheme of ababbcbccdcdee with concatenation at lines 4-5 and 8-9. Concatenation allows the subjects and topics to link and the rhymes to link as b is repeated in the second quatrain and c is repeated in the third quatrain.



- (B) Find out figures of speech and sound devices or any other literary device in the following extracts? (9 Marks)
- 1. Here thou, great Anna! whom three realms obey, Dost sometimes counsel take—and sometimes tea

Answer: (half rhyme obey -tea)

2. O my love's like the melody That's sweetly played in tune

Answer: Simile and half rhyme

3. In the deserted moon blanched street, How lonely rings the echo of my feet

Answer: imagery



وزارة التعليم العالي والبحث العلمي جامعة بغصداد كلصية اللغصصات قسم اللغة الانجليزية

التوقيع:

مدرس المادة:

الدرجة العلمية:

تثبت الدرجة لكل سؤال



وزارة التعليم العالى والبحث العلمي جامعة بغــــداد كلية اللغات قسم اللغة الانجليزية

اللجنة الامتحانية المركزية في كلية اللغات مدة الامتحان: ثلاث ساعات مدة الامتحان: ثلاث ساعات تاريخ الامتحان : ١٤ / ٥ / ٢٠٢٤م أسئلة الامتحانات النهائية للعام الدراسي ٢٠٢٣ - ٢٠٢٤ (النموذج) رقم (١) ملاحظة: الإجابة عن كل الاسئلة.

Q1- Read the following passage and choose the correct answer to each of the questions below: (Choose 5) (15 marks)

Smartphones have become an integral part of modern life, offering convenience, connectivity, and entertainment at our fingertips. However, excessive smartphone use can lead to addiction, posing risks to mental and physical health. One of the main concerns associated with smartphone addiction is its impact on mental well-being. Spending excessive time on smartphones can lead to symptoms of anxiety, depression, and loneliness. Constantly checking notifications and social media feeds can create feelings of inadequacy and negatively impact self-esteem. Moreover, smartphone addiction can have detrimental effects on physical health. Prolonged use of smartphones can lead to problems such as eye strain, headaches, and disrupted sleep patterns. The blue light emitted by smartphone screens can interfere with the body's natural sleep-wake cycle, leading to insomnia and daytime fatigue. In addition to health concerns, smartphone addiction can also affect social relationships and academic or professional performance. Excessive smartphone use can lead to neglect of face-to-face interactions, causing strain in personal relationships. It can also result in decreased productivity and concentration, affecting academic or work-related tasks. Recognizing the signs of smartphone addiction and taking steps to address it is crucial for maintaining a healthy balance in life. Setting limits on smartphone use, practicing mindfulness, and engaging in alternative activities can help reduce dependence on smartphones and promote overall wellbeing.

- 1- What is the primary concern associated with smartphone addiction, as discussed in the passage?
- A) Reduced battery life of smartphones.
- B) Increased risk of identity theft.
- C) Limited access to social media platforms.
- D) Negative impacts on mental and physical health.
- 2- How does excessive smartphone use contribute to feelings of inadequacy and low selfesteem?
- A) By providing constant entertainment.
- B) By fostering a sense of belonging in online communities.
- C) By exposing individuals to unrealistic standards and comparisons.
- D) By encouraging regular exercise and healthy habits.



- 3- Which physical health issue associated with smartphone addiction is NOT mentioned in the passage?
- A) Digital eye strain and headaches.
- B) Increased risk of heart disease.
- C) Disrupted sleep patterns.
- D) Posture-related problems and musculoskeletal issues.
- 4- How does smartphone addiction impact academic or professional performance?
- A) It can result in decreased productivity and concentration.
- B) It leads to improved time management skills.
- C) It enhances focus and concentration.
- D) It fosters collaboration and teamwork.
- 5- Which strategy is recommended for addressing smartphone addiction, as suggested in the passage?
- A) Increasing screen time to alleviate symptoms.
- B) Setting strict limits on smartphone use and seeking professional help if needed.
- C) Ignoring the signs of addiction and continuing regular smartphone usage.
- D) Encouraging dependency on smartphones to stay connected.
- 6- What is the overarching message conveyed in the passage regarding smartphone addiction?
- A) Smartphone addiction is a trivial issue with minimal consequences.
- B) Smartphone technology has no impact on personal development.
- C) Excessive smartphone use poses significant risks to mental, emotional, and social well-being.
- D) Smartphone addiction is a natural consequence of modern living.
- Q2- A- Complete each sentence using the following words: (Choose 5) (10 marks) (fragment / curious/ slamming / wretched / reluctantly / gazing)
- 1- The people live in ----- conditions, with no running water.
- 2- This tax is ----- the door in his face.
- 3- Babies are ----- about everything around them
- 4- She wrote a ----- of the story.
- 5- He spends hours ----- out of the window when he should be working.
- 6- I ----- withdrew from the project.
- B- Give another word or phrase to replace the following words as they are used in the passages you have studied: (Choose 5) (5 marks)
- 1- inhabitants 2- clearly 3- vicar 4- claimed 5- expensive 6- repaired



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Q 3 - A - Do	as required : (C	hoose 5)
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(**10** marks)

- 1- Your car ----- not worth 10000. (does / is / do). (Choose the correct answer)
- 2- The children ----- (suppose) to be at school by 7:45 a.m. (give the correct form of *suppose*).
- 3- He says, "I'm going to visit my uncle today". (change into indirect speech).
- 4-A person who studies physics or whose job is connected with physics is called ------
- 5- Workers must wearing safety glasses at this machine. (correct the mistake).
- 6- (Prosperous) means: marked by success or economic well-being. (true or false).
- B- Write these sentences again giving the correct opposites of the underlined words: (Choose 5) (5 marks)
- 1- Have you learnt these <u>regular</u> verbs?
- 2- This report is accurate.
- 3- I agree with you.
- 4- Have you locked the door?
- 5- His handwriting is quite <u>legible</u>.
- 6- He was extremely polite.
- Q 4 Write sentences using each of the following words or phrases: (Choose 5) (15 marks)
- 1- information 2- while 3- warship 4- a great deal of 5- could 6- just

مع أمنياتنا لكم بالنجاح



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- **Q1** 1- (D) Negative impacts on mental and physical health.
- 2- (C) By exposing individuals to unrealistic standards and comparisons.
- 3- (B) Increased risk of heart disease.
- 4- (A) It can result in decreased productivity and concentration.
- 5- (B) Setting strict limits on smartphone use and seeking professional help if needed.
- 6- (C) Excessive smartphone use poses significant risks to mental, emotional, and social well-being.

Q2- A -

- 1- wretched
- 2- slamming
- 3- curious
- 4- fragment
- 5- gazing
- 6- reluctantly



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<u>Q2- B -</u>

1- inhabitants : citizens / people

2- clearly: obviously / plainly

3- vicar : priest / clergyman

4- claimed: pretended / supposed

5- expensive : costly / valuable / pricey

6- repaired : fixed / restored / reconditioned

Q3- A -

1- is

2- are supposed

3- He says that he is going to see his uncle today.

4- Physicist

5- must wear

6- true

Q3 – B

1- irregular 2- inaccurate 3- disagree 4- unlocked 5- illegible 6-impolite

Q4- any correct sentence.